

- Presentations by Indonesia and Vietnam
- ✓ Followed by discussions amongst: Cambodia, Indonesia, Lao PDR, Malaysia, Philippines, Vietnam and China

Chart of INDONESIA Import Controls

Pre-Import Declaration by importer demonstrating its due diligence:

- Information on importer; this including its identification number from the Ministry of Trade (API-P/API-U) and identification number from IDN Customs (NIK);
- Information of port(s) of discharge (POD);
- · Description of its import plan;
- References to its Pre-Import Due Diligence(s).

Pre-Import Due Diligence(s) or 'Uji Tuntas' by importer:

- Description of import plan from specific exporter with detail of HS code(s) of product(s), species, and country(ies) of processing and country(ies) of harvest;
- Information of port(s) of loading (POL);
- · Identification of potential risks;
- Mitigation measures for any identified potential risks with additional documentation demonstrating timber legality; i.e.
- [1] FLEGT licence:
- [2] mutual recognition agreement/MRA;
- [3] country specific guideline/CSG;
- [4] recognized certification schemes schemes with specific indicator(s)/verifier(s) confirming its timber legality; or
- [5] declaration from competent authority.

MoEF **SILK online** system

Pre-Import Recommendation by the Ministry of Environment and Forestry (MoEF): upon approval of the importer's Pre-Import Due Diligence(s) and Pre-Import Declaration:

- Information on importer; this including its identification number from the Ministry of Trade (API-P/API-U) and identification number from IDN Customs (NIK);
- Information of port(s) of discharge (POD);
- Summary to its Pre-Import Due Diligence(s) and quota for import (ref to its import plan).

MoT **INATRADE** online system

Import Approval by the Ministry of Trade (MoT)

Customs **INSW** online system

Frequency of documentary checks Systematic

Frequency of physical checks

Green: Automatic clearance and Check if suspicion

> Yellow: Check if suspicion

Red: **Systematic**

Timber import shipment

Standard customs documentation +MoT Import Approval (control on suppliers and quota)

Standard customs documentation: [1] Customs declaration for import (PIB);

[4] Bill of lading (B/L) or equivalent;

[5] Packing list (P/L) of imported products.

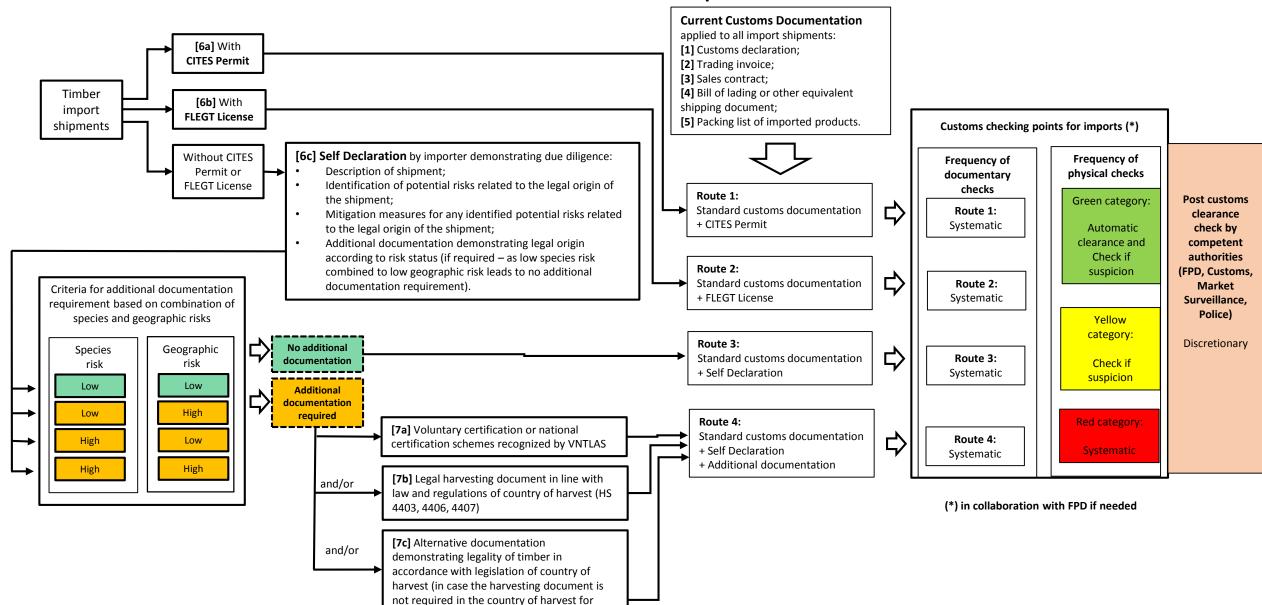
[2] Trading Invoice;

[3] Purchase Order (PO);

Post customs clearance monitoring:

- 1. Verification/audit by CAB (ref: IDNTLAS standard for industry/trader: verifiers for import indicators; including the compliance of pre-import documentation and its import implementation);
- 2. Independent monitoring by CS (ref: PermenLHK 30/2016 and Perdirjen 14/2016 jo 15/2016);
- 3. Post audit by MoT, coordination with technical ministry; can be in the form of a collaborative team;
- 4. Monitoring by MoEF (upon indication or suspicion); can consist of government and independent monitor on the monitoring team.

VIETNAM TLAS: Chart of timber import controls



primary products, or importers cannot obtain harvesting document for complex products).

Outcome of discussion

 Countries should be aware of trade partners' systems and legislation



- If no due diligence in place → rely on bilateral dialogue or proactiveness of receiving country
- Recommendation to ASEAN
 - → Explore opportunities for having an ASEAN approach to deal with imports, with similar objectives